

Take a multiplication square.
Pick any 2 by 2 square and add the numbers on each diagonal. For example, if you take:

$$
\begin{array}{l|l}
32 & 36 \\
\hline 40 & 45
\end{array}
$$

the numbers along one diagonal add up to 77 and the numbers along the other diagonal add up to 76 .

Try a few more examples. What do you notice?
Now pick any 3 by 3 square and add the numbers on each diagonal.

What do you think will happen with a 4 by 4 square?
Can you prove your prediction?

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